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7.60 (2) COUNTY BOARD OF CANVASSERS. The county clerk and 2 qualified electors of the county appointed by the clerk constitute the county board of canvassers. The members of the board of canvassers shall serve for 2-year terms commencing on January 1 of each odd-numbered year, except that any member who is appointed to fill a permanent vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term of the original appointee. One member of the board of canvassers shall belong to a political party other than the clerk's. The county clerk shall designate a deputy clerk who shall perform the clerk's duties as a member of the board of canvassers in the event that the county clerk's office is vacant, or the clerk cannot perform his or her duties, or the clerk is a candidate at an election being canvassed. If the county clerk and designated deputy clerk are both unable to perform their duties, the county executive or, if there is no county executive, the chairperson of the county board of supervisors shall designate another qualified elector of the county to perform the clerk's duties. If a member other than the clerk cannot perform his or her duties, the clerk shall appoint another member to serve. No Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, no person may serve on the county board of canvassers if the person is a candidate for an office to be canvassed by that board. If the clerk is a candidate at an election being canvassed, the clerk may perform his or her duties on the board only if the clerk has no opponent whose name appears on the ballot, or, in the case of a recount, if the office the clerk is seeking is not a subject of the recount. If lists of candidates for the county board of canvassers are submitted to the county clerk by political party county committees, the lists shall consist of at least 3 names and the clerk shall choose the board members from the lists. Where there is a county board of election commissioners, it shall serve as the board of canvassers. If the county board of election commissioners serves as the board of canvassers, the executive director of

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the county board of election commissioners shall serve as a member of the board of canvassers to fill a temporary vacancy on that board.

Section 142. 8.10 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.10 (3) (intro.) The certification of a qualified elector circulator under s. 8.15 (4) (a) shall be appended to each nomination paper. The number of required signatures on nomination papers filed under this section is as follows:

Section 143. 8.15 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.15 (4) (a) The certification of a qualified elector circulator stating his or her residence with street and number, if any, shall appear at the bottom of each nomination paper, stating he or she personally circulated the nomination paper and personally obtained each of the signatures; he or she knows they are electors of the ward, aldermanic district, municipality or county, as the nomination papers require; he or she knows they signed the paper with full knowledge of its content; he or she knows their respective residences given; he or she knows each signer signed on the date stated opposite his or her name; and, that he or she, the circulator, resides within the district which the candidate named therein will represent, if elected is a qualified elector of this state, or if not a qualified elector of this state, is a U.S. citizen age 18 or older who, if he or she were a resident of this state, would not be disqualified from voting under s. 6.03, Wis. stats.; that he or she intends to support the candidate; and that he or she is aware that falsifying the certification is punishable under s. 12.13 (3) (a), Wis. stats. The circulator shall indicate the date that he or she makes the certification next to his or her signature. The certification may be made by the candidate or any qualified elector circulator.

Section 144. 8.20 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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	8.20 (3)	The cer	tification	of ar	elector	<u>a qua</u>	<u>lified</u>	<u>circul</u>	ator '	under	s.	8.15	(4)
(a) s	shall be ap	pended	to each n	omin	ation pa	per.							

Section 145. 8.37 of the statutes is amended to read:

8.37 Filing of referenda petitions or questions. Unless otherwise required by law, all proposed constitutional amendments and any other measure or question that is to be submitted to a vote of the people, or any petitions requesting that a measure or question be submitted to a vote of the people, if applicable, shall be filed with the official or agency responsible for preparing the ballots for the election no later than 42 days prior to the election at which the amendment, measure or question hau the end of will appear on the ballot. The school district clerk shall file a copy of any such

11-148 measure or question that is placed on the ballot by a school district with the clerk of each county having territory within the school district no later than 42 days prior to

the election at which such measure or question will appear on the ballo

Section 146. 8.40 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.40 (2) The certification of a qualified elector circulator stating his or her residence with street and number, if any, shall appear at the bottom of each separate sheet of each petition specified in sub. (1), stating that he or she personally circulated the petition and personally obtained each of the signatures; that the circulator knows that they are electors of the jurisdiction or district in which the petition is circulated; that the circulator knows that they signed the paper with full knowledge of its content; that the circulator knows their respective residences given; that the circulator knows that each signer signed on the date stated opposite his or her name; that the circulator resides within the jurisdiction or district in which the petition is circulated is a qualified elector of this state, or if not a qualified elector of this state, that the circulator is a U.S. citizen age 18 or older who, if he or she were a resident

of this state, would not be disqualified from voting under s. 6.03, Wis. stats.; and that the circulator is aware that falsifying the certification is punishable under s. 12.13 (3) (a). The circulator shall indicate the date that he or she makes the certification next to his or her signature.

Section 147. 9.01 (1) (ag) 1., 1m. and 2. of the statutes are amended to read: 9.01 (1) (ag) 1. If the difference between the votes cast for the leading candidate and those cast for the petitioner or the difference between the affirmative and negative votes cast upon any referendum question is less than 10 if 1,000 or less votes are cast or not more than 0.5% of the total votes cast for the office or on the question if more than 1,000 votes are cast prior to issuance of any amended return under s. 6.22 (5m) (f), the petitioner is not required to pay a fee.

1m. If the difference between the votes cast for the leading candidate and those cast for the petitioner or the difference between the affirmative and negative votes cast upon any referendum question is at least 10 if 1,000 or less votes are cast or is more than 0.5% but not more than 2% if more than 1,000 votes are cast <u>prior to issuance of any amended return under s. 6.22 (5m) (f)</u>, the petitioner shall pay a fee of \$5 for each ward for which the petition requests a ballot recount, or \$5 for each municipality for which the petition requests a recount where no wards exist.

2. If the difference between the votes cast for the leading candidate and those cast for the petitioner or the difference between the affirmative and negative votes cast upon any referendum question is more than 2% if more than 1,000 votes are cast prior to issuance of any amended return under s. 6.22 (5m) (f), the petitioner shall pay a fee equal to the actual cost of performing the recount in each ward for which the petition requests a recount, or in each municipality for which the petition request a recount where no wards exist.

SECTION 148

BILL

SECTION 148. 9.01 (1) (ag) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

9.01 **(1)** (ag) 2m. For purposes of subds. 1m. and 2., the number of votes cast at an election excludes any votes that may be eligible to be counted under s. 6.22 (5m) (a).

Section 149. 9.01 (1) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 (1) (b) (intro.) The Except as provided in this paragraph, the proper board of canvassers shall reconvene no earlier than 9 a.m. on the day following delivery of notice to all candidates under sub. (2) and no later than 9 a.m. on the day following the last day for filing of a petition and proceed to recount the ballots in the wards or municipalities specified and to review the allegations of fact contained in the petition or petitions. If s. 6.22 (5m) (dm) applies, the board of canvassers shall not proceed with the recount until 9 a.m. on the day following the last day for filing of a petition and, if s. 6.22 (5m) (e) applies, shall not proceed with the recount until it complies with s. 6.22 (5m) (f). The recount shall proceed for each ward or municipality as follows:

Section 150. 9.01 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.01 **(10)** Standard forms and procedures for the making of recounts under this section. The procedures prescribed by the elections board shall require the boards of canvassers in recounts involving more than one board of canvassers to consult with the elections board staff prior to beginning any recount in order to ensure that uniform procedures are used, to the extent practicable, in such recounts.

SECTION 151. 9.10 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 **(2)** (b) A recall petition for requesting the recall of a city, village, town or school district office officer shall contain a statement of -a reason for the recall which

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is related to the official responsibilities of the official for whom removal is sought each cause for the recall and the grounds that constitute each cause. In this paragraph, "cause" means official misconduct or malfeasance in office.

Section 152. 9.10 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 (2) (d) No petition may be offered for filing for the recall of an officer unless the petitioner first files a registration statement under s. 11.05 (1) or (2) with the filing officer with whom the petition is filed. The petitioner shall append to the registration a statement indicating his or her intent to circulate a recall petition, the name of the officer for whom recall is sought and, in the case of a petition for the recall of a city, village, town or school district officer, a statement of a reason for the recall which is related to the official responsibilities of the official for whom removal is sought each cause, as defined in par. (b), for the recall and the grounds that constitute <u>each cause</u>. No petitioner may circulate a petition for the recall of an officer prior to completing registration. The last date that a petition for the recall of a state, congressional, legislative, judicial or county officer may be offered for filing is 5 p.m. on the 60th day commencing after registration. The last date that a petition for the recall of a city, village, town or school district officer may be offered for filing is 5 p.m. on the 30th day commencing after registration. After the recall petition has been offered for filing, no name may be added or removed. No signature may be counted unless the date of the signature is within the period provided in this paragraph.

SECTION 153. 9.10 (2) (em) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

9.10 **(2)** (em) 2. The residency of the circulator cannot be determined by the information given on the petition is not a qualified circulator.

Section 154. 9.10 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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9.10 (4) (a) Within 10 days after a petition for the recall of a city, village, town, or school district official, officer is offered for filing, the officer against whom the petition is filed may file a written challenge with the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners or school district clerk with whom it is filed, specifying any alleged insufficiency. If a challenge is filed, the petitioner may file a written rebuttal to the challenge with the clerk or board of election commissioners within 5 days after the challenge is filed. If a rebuttal is filed, the officer against whom the petition is filed may file a reply to any new matter raised in the rebuttal within 2 days after the rebuttal is filed. Within 14 days after the expiration of the time allowed for filing a reply to a rebuttal, the clerk or board of election commissioners shall file the certificate or an amended certificate. Within 31 days after the petition is offered for filing, the clerk or board of election commissioners shall determine by careful examination of the face of the petition whether the petition is sufficient and shall so state in a certificate attached to the petition. If the petition is found to be insufficient, the certificate shall state the particulars creating the insufficiency. The petition may be amended to correct any insufficiency within 5 days following the affixing of the original certificate. Within 2 days after the offering of the amended petition for filing, the clerk or board of election commissioners shall again carefully examine the face of the petition to determine sufficiency and shall attach to the petition a certificate stating the findings. Immediately upon finding an original or amended petition sufficient, except in cities over 500,000 population, the municipal clerk or school district clerk shall transmit the petition to the governing body or to the school board. Immediately upon finding an original or amended petition sufficient, in cities over 500,000 population, the board of election commissioners shall file the petition in its office.

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Section 155. 10.01 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.01 (2) (e) Type E—The type E notice shall state the qualifications for absentee voting, the procedures for obtaining an absentee ballot in the case of registered and unregistered voters, and the places and the deadlines for application and return of application, including any alternate site under s. 6.855, and the office hours during which an elector may cast an absentee ballot in the municipal clerk's office or at an alternate site under s. 6.855. The municipal clerk shall publish a type E notice on the 4th Tuesday preceding each spring primary and election, on the 4th Tuesday preceding each September primary and general election, on the 4th Tuesday preceding the primary for each special national, state, county or municipal election if any, on the 4th Tuesday preceding a special county or municipal referendum, and on the 3rd Tuesday preceding each special national, state, county or municipal election to fill an office which is not held concurrently with the spring or general election. The clerk of each special purpose district which calls a special election shall publish a type E notice on the 4th Tuesday preceding the primary for the special election, if any, on the 4th Tuesday preceding a special referendum, and on the 3rd Tuesday preceding a special election for an office which is not held concurrently with the spring or general election except as authorized in s. 8.55 (3).

Section 156. 10.02 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.02 (3) (a) Upon entering the polling place and before being permitted to vote, an elector shall state his or her name and address and provide identification if required by federal law. If an elector is not registered to vote, an elector may register to vote at the polling place serving his or her residence if the elector provides proof of residence or the elector's registration is verified by another elector of the same municipality where the elector resides. Where ballots are distributed to electors, the

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initials of 2 inspectors must appear on the ballot. Upon being permitted to vote, the elector shall retire alone to a voting booth or machine and cast his or her ballot, except that an elector who is a parent or guardian may be accompanied by the elector's minor child or minor ward. An election official may inform the elector of the proper manner for casting a vote, but the official may not in any manner advise or indicate a particular voting choice.

Section 157. 12.03 (title) and (1) of the statutes are amended to read:

- 12.03 (title) Election day campaigning Campaigning restricted. (1) No election official may engage in electioneering on election day. No municipal clerk or employee of the clerk may engage in electioneering in the clerk's office or at the alternate site under s. 6.855 during the hours that ballots may be cast at those locations.
- **Section 158.** 12.03 (2) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
 - 12.03 **(2)** (a) 1. No person may engage in electioneering during polling hours on election day at a polling place.
 - 2. No person may engage in electioneering in the municipal clerk's office or at an alternate site under s. 6.855 during the hours that absentee ballots may be cast.
 - (b) 1. No person may engage in electioneering during polling hours on any public property on election day within 100 feet of an entrance to a building containing a polling place.
 - 2. No person may engage in electioneering during the hours that absentee ballots may be cast on any public property within 100 feet of an entrance to a building containing the municipal clerk's office or an alternate site under s. 6.855.

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to a building containing a polling place.

1	3. No person may engage in electioneering within 100 feet of an entrance to or
2	within a nursing home or qualified retirement home or community-based
3	residential facility while special voting deputies are present at the home or facility.
4	(d) This subsection does not apply to the placement of any material on the
5	bumper of a motor vehicle that is parked or operated at a place and time where
6	electioneering is prohibited under this subsection.
7	Section 159. 12.035 of the statutes is created to read:
8	12.035 Posting and distribution of election-related material. (1) In this
9	section, "election-related material" means any written matter which describes, or
10	purports to describe, the rights or responsibilities of individuals voting or registering
11	to vote at a polling place or voting an absentee ballot at the office of the municipal
12	clerk or an alternate site under s. 6.855.
13	(2) The legislature finds that posting or distributing election-related material
14	at the polling place, at locations where absentee ballots may be cast, or near the
15	entrance to such locations when voting is taking place may mislead and confuse
16	electors about their rights and responsibilities regarding the exercise of the franchise
17	and tends to disrupt the flow of voting activities at such locations. The legislature
18	finds that the restrictions imposed by this section on the posting or distribution of
19	election-related material are necessary to protect the compelling governmental
20	interest in orderly and fair elections.
21	(3) (a) No person may post or distribute any election-related material during
22	polling hours on election day at a polling place.
23	(b) No person may post or distribute any election-related material during
24	polling hours on any public property on election day within 100 feet of an entrance

(c) No person may post or distribute any election-related material at the office
of the municipal clerk or at an alternate site under s. 6.855 during hours that
absentee ballots may be cast.
(d) No person may post or distribute election-related material during the hours
that absentee ballots may be cast on any public property within 100 feet of an
entrance to a building containing the office of the municipal clerk or an alternate site
under s. 6.855.
(4) Subsection (3) does not apply to any of the following:
(a) The posting or distribution of election-related material posted or
distributed by the municipal clerk or other election officials.
(b) The placement of any material on the bumper of a motor vehicle located on
public property.
(5) A municipal clerk, election inspector, or law enforcement officer may
remove election-related material posted in violation of sub. (3) and may confiscate
election-related material distributed in violation of sub. (3).
Section 160. 12.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
12.04 (2) Except as provided in s. ss. 12.03 or 12.035 or as restricted under sub.
(4), any individual may place a sign containing a political message upon residential
property owned or occupied by that individual during an election campaign period.
Section 161. 12.07 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

12.07 (2) No employer may refuse to allow an employee to serve as an election

official under s. 7.30 or make any threats or offer any inducements of any kind to the

SECTION **162.** 12.09 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

employee for the purpose of preventing the employee from so serving.

1	12.09 Election threats. (1) No person may personally or through an agent
2	make use of or threaten to make use of force, violence, or restraint in order to induce
3	or compel any person to vote or refrain from voting at an election.
4	(2) No person may personally or through an agent, by abduction, duress, or any
5	fraudulent device or contrivance, impede or prevent the free exercise of the franchise
6	at an election.
7	(3) No person may personally or through an agent, by any act compel, induce,
8	or prevail upon an elector either to vote or refrain from voting at any election for or
9	against a particular candidate or referendum.
10	Section 163. 12.13 (3) (ze) of the statutes is created to read:
11	12.13 (3) (ze) Compensate a person who obtains voter registration forms from
12	other persons at a rate that varies in relation to the number of voter registrations
13	obtained by the person.
14	Section 164. 12.13 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
15	Section 165. 12.60 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	12.60 (1) (b) Whoever violates s. 12.03, 12.05, 12.07, 12.08 or 12.13 (2) (b) 8.,
17	(3) (b), (c), (d), (g), (i), (n) to (x), (\underline{ze}) , (zm) or (zn) may be fined not more than \$1,000,
18	or imprisoned not more than 6 months or both.
19	S ECTION 166. 12.60 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	12.60 (1) (c) Whoever violates s. 12.13 (3) (am) or (4) may be required to forfeit
21	not more than \$500.
22	Section 167. 12.60 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	12.60 (1) (d) Whoever violates s. 12.035 or 12.13 (3) (h) may be required to
24	forfeit not more than \$100.
25	Section 168. 17.29 of the statutes is amended to read:

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SECTION 168

17.29 Effect of chapter. The provisions of this chapter supersede all contrary
provisions in either the general law or in special acts, except ch. 7 ss. 6.26 (2) (b), 6.28
(2) (b), 6.55 (6), 6.875, and 7.30 relating to appointed election officers appointed for
the election wards or polling places in the state officials and ch. 21 relating to the
military staff of the governor and to officers of the Wisconsin national guard; and
shall govern all offices whether created by general law or special act, unless
otherwise specially provided.
Section 169. 301.03 (3a) of the statutes is created to read:
301.03 (3a) Subject to all of the following, design a form to provide notice under
ss. 302.117, 973.09 (4m), and 973.176 (2) of ineligibility to vote under s. 6.03 (1) (b)
(a) The form shall inform the person who is ineligible to vote that he or she may
not vote in any election until his or her civil rights are restored.
(b) The form shall inform the person who is ineligible to vote when his or her
civil rights are expected to be restored.

- (c) The form shall include a place for the person to sign indicating that he or she understands that he or she may not vote in any election until his or her civil
- (d) The department shall retain the form, and a copy shall be given to the person.

rights are restored. The form shall include a place also for a witness signature.

SECTION **170.** 301.03 (20) of the statutes is created to read:

301.03 (20) Transmit to the elections board, on a continuous basis, a list containing the name of each living person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this state and whose civil rights have not been restored, together with his or her residential address and the date on which the department expects his or her civil rights to be restored.

Section 171. 302.117 of the statutes is amended to read:

302.117 Notice regarding ineligibility to vote. When an inmate who is disqualified from voting under s. 6.03 (1) (b) is released to parole or extended supervision, the department shall inform the person in writing that he or she may not vote in any election until his or her civil rights are restored. The department shall use the form designed under s. 301.03 (3a) to inform the person, and the person and a witness shall sign the form.

Section 172. 880.33 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

880.33 (9) All the rights and privileges afforded a proposed incompetent under this section shall be given to any person who is alleged to be ineligible to register to vote or to vote in an election by reason that such person is incapable of understanding the objective of the elective process. The determination of the court shall be limited to a finding that the elector is either eligible or ineligible to register to vote or to vote in an election by reason that the person is or is not capable of understanding the objective of the elective process. The determination of the court shall be communicated in writing by the clerk of court to the election official or agency charged under s. 6.48, 6.92, 6.925 or, 6.93, or 7.52 (5) with the responsibility for determining challenges to registration and voting which may be directed against that elector. The determination may be reviewed as provided in s. 880.34 (4) and (5) and any subsequent determination of the court shall be likewise communicated by the clerk of court.

Section 173. 973.09 (4m) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.09 (4m) The department shall inform each probationer who is disqualified from voting under s. 6.03 (1) (b) that he or she may not vote in any election until his or her civil rights are restored. The department shall use the form designed under

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24 25 s. 301.03 (3a) to inform the probationer, and the probationer and a witness shall sign
the form.

SECTION **174.** 973.176 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.176 **(2)** VOTING. Whenever a court imposes a sentence or places a defendant on probation for a conviction that disqualifies the defendant from voting under s. 6.03 (1) (b), the court shall inform the defendant <u>in writing</u> that he or she may not vote in any election until his or her civil rights are restored. The court shall use the form designed by the department of corrections under s. 301.03 (3a) to inform the defendant, and the defendant and a witness shall sign the form.

SECTION 175. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) ELECTION-RELATED CONTINGENCY PLANNING. The elections board shall prepare a report and recommendations with regard to state and local election-related contingency planning efforts and preparedness regarding natural disasters or terrorist activities that may occur at or near election time. No later than the first day of the 7th month beginning after publication of this act, the elections board shall submit the report and recommendations to the chief clerk of each house of the legislature for distribution to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature in the manner provided under section 13.172 (3) of the statutes.
- (2) Audits of local election practices. The elections board shall prepare recommendations with regard to random post–election audits of local election practices to be conducted in the fall of odd–numbered years. The recommendations shall include recommendations on how election practices in a given municipality may be reviewed by election officials of other, similar–sized municipalities and how the state will fund such audits. No later than December 31, 2006, the elections board shall submit the recommendations to the chief clerk of each house of the legislature

- for distribution to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature in the manner provided under s. 13.172 (3) of the statutes.
 - (3) POLLING PLACE OBSERVATION RULES.
 - (a) The elections board shall submit in proposed form the rules required under section 7.41 (5) of the statutes, as created by this act, to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 (1) of the statutes no later than the 60th day beginning after publication of this act.
 - (b) Using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, the elections board may promulgate rules required under s. 7.41 (5) of the statutes, as created by this act, for the period before the effective date of the rules submitted under paragraph (a), but not to exceed the period authorized under section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3) of the statutes, the board is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this paragraph as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this paragraph.
 - (4) FEES FOR COPIES OF REGISTRATION LIST. The elections board may promulgate emergency rules under section 227.24 of the statutes implementing section 6.36 (6) of the statutes, as created by this act. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes, emergency rules promulgated under this subsection remain in effect until the date on which permanent rules take effect. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a) and (3) of the statutes, the elections board is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection.

(5) Election officials; interim terms. Notwithstanding section 7.30 (6) (a) of
the statutes, as affected by this act, the persons who are appointed as election
officials under section 7.30 (4) of the statutes in 2006 shall serve for terms of one year
and until their successors are appointed and qualified.

(6) DISTRIBUTION OF FORMS TO CONVICTED FELONS. No later than the first day of the 6th month beginning after the effective date of this subsection, the department of corrections shall distribute, and have signed in front of a witness, a copy of the form designed under section 301.03 (3a) of the statutes, as created by this act, to each person who is on probation, parole, or extended supervision on that date and who is disqualified from voting in any election under section 6.03 (1) (b) of the statutes.

Section 176. Initial applicability.

- (1) Notice of school district referenda. The treatment of section 8.37 of the statutes first applies to a measure or question that becomes subject to a filing requirement under section 8.37 of the statutes on the effective date of this subsection.
- (2) RECOUNTS. The renumbering and amendment of section 5.90 of the statutes and the creation of section 5.90 (2) and (3) of the statutes by this act first apply to recount petitions filed on the effective date of this subsection.
- (3) TERMS OF CERTAIN POLL WORKERS. The treatment of sections 7.30 (2) (am), (6) (a), and (6) (am) of the statutes first applies to appointments made on the effective date of this subsection.
- (4) PETITIONS FOR RECALL. The treatment of sections 9.10 (2) (b) and (d) and (4) (a) of the statutes first applies with respect to petitions for recall that are offered for filing on the effective date of this subsection.
- (5) CIRCULATORS OF NOMINATION PAPERS AND PETITIONS. The treatment of sections 5.02 (16g), 8.10 (3) (intro.), 8.15 (4) (a), 8.20 (3), 8.40 (2), and 9.10 (2) (em) 2. of the

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whichever is later.

1	statutes first applies with respect to nomination paper circulation periods that begin
2	and petitions that are initially circulated on the effective date of this subsection.
3	(6) Notification regarding ineligibility to vote during parole or extended
4	SUPERVISION. The treatment of section 302.117 of the statutes first applies to persons
5	whom the department of corrections releases to parole or extended supervision on
6	the effective date of this subsection.
7	(7) Notification regarding ineligibility to vote during probation. The
8	treatment of section 973.09 (4m) of the statutes first applies to persons whom the
9	court places on probation on the effective date of this subsection.
10	(8) Notification at sentencing regarding ineligibility to vote. The treatment
11	of section 973.176 (2) of the statutes first applies to persons who are sentenced or
12	placed on probation on the effective date of this subsection.
13	(9) Election official training. The treatment of sections 7.15 (1m), 7.30 (2)
14	(c), and 7.315 of the statutes first applies with respect to elections held in 2008.
15	Section 177. Effective date.
16	(1) This act takes effect on July 1, 2006, or on the day after publication,

(END)

2005–2006 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INS 33-7:

. If the elector is registering after the close of registration for the general election and the elector has in his or her possession a valid driver's license issued by another state, the municipal clerk or agent shall request the elector to present the license and shall record on a separate list the name and address of the elector, the name of the state, and the license number and expiration date of the license

INS 42-19:

in his or her possession a valid driver's license issued by another state, the inspector or deputy shall request the elector to present the license and shall record on a separate list the name and address of the elector, the name of the state, and the license number and expiration date of the license

INS 43–15:

If the elector is registering to vote in the general election and the elector has in his or her possession a valid driver's license issued by another state, the municipal clerk, deputy clerk, or special registration deputy shall shall request the elector to present the license and shall record on a separate list the name and address of the elector, the name of the state, and the license number and expiration date of the license

INS 47-6:

SECTION 1. 6.56 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.56 (4) After each election, the municipal clerk shall earefully cheek perform an audit to assure that no person has been allowed to vote more than once. Whenever the municipal clerk has good reason to believe that a person has voted more than once in an election, the clerk shall send the person a 1st class letter marked in accordance with postal regulations to ensure that it will be returned to the clerk if the elector does not reside at the address given on the letter. The letter shall inform the person that all registrations relating to that person may be changed from eligible to ineligible status within 7 days unless the person contacts the office of the clerk to clarify the matter. A copy of the letter and of any subsequent information received from or about the addressee shall be sent to the district attorney.

History: 1975 c. 85, 199; 1977 c. 394; 1979 c. 260; 1983 a. 484; 1985 a. 304; 1989 a. 192; 2001 a. 51; 2003 a. 265.

INS 47-14:

Section 2. 6.56 (7) of the statutes is created to read:

6.56 (7) The board may elect to perform the duties of municipal clerks to conduct the audits required under subs. (3) and (4) for any election on behalf of all municipalities in the state. If the board so elects, the board shall notify the municipal clerk of each municipality that the board will perform the audits no later than the date of the election for which the audits will be performed.

INS 53-2:

. If the elector is registering to vote in the general election and the agent has in his or her possession a valid driver's license issued to the elector by another state,

the municipal clerk shall request the agent to present the license and shall record on a separate list the name and address of the elector, the name of the state, and the license number and expiration date of the license

INS 68-22:

SECTION 3. 7.08 (9) of the statutes is created to read:

7.08 (9) LISTS OF OUT-OF-STATE LICENSE HOLDERS. The board shall withhold from inspection or copying under s. 19.35 (1) the lists of license holders received from municipal clerks under s. 7.15 (1) (L).

INS 69-17:

SECTION 4. 7.15 (1) (L) of the statutes is created to read:

7.15 (1) (L) Compile and, no later than 7 days after each general election, transmit to the board the lists of electors registering to vote under ss. 6.29 (2) (a), 6.55 (2) (b) and (c) 1 and 6.86 (3) (a) 2. who presented valid drivers' licenses issued by other states. The clerk shall withhold access to the lists from inspection or copying under s. 19.35 (1).

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1 is presumed that the envelope was placed in the mail on or before election day, unless 2 established by a preponderance of the evidence to the contrary. each municipality where a 6 Sente 6 alto 15 are later than the closing hour of the polls, the municipal clerk of each 3 4 municipality shall post at his or her office, at any alternate site under s. 6.855, and 5 on the Internet at a site announced by the clerk before the polls open, and shall make

available to any person upon request, a statement of the number of absentee ballots that the clerk has mailed or transmitted to military electors under this section and

that have not been returned by the closing hour on election day. The posting shall not include the names or addresses of any military electors.

- (d) All ballots received by the municipal clerk under this subsection by the deadline specified in par. (a) shall be carefully preserved by the municipal clerk until destruction or other disposition is authorized under s. 7.23. If a petition for a recount is filed under s. 9.01, the clerk shall immediately notify the appropriate board of canvassers as to whether any absentee ballots that have been mailed or transmitted to military electors under this section have been received after the closing of the polls or have not been returned.
- (dm) If the clerk notifies the board of canvassers that any ballots that have been mailed or transmitted to military electors under this section have not been returned, the board of canvassers shall not proceed with the recount until all such ballots have been returned to the clerk and transmitted to the board of canvassers, or 9 a.m. on the day following the last day for filing of a petition for the recount, whichever occurs first.
- (e) The clerk shall transmit to the appropriate board of canvassers all ballots received under par. (a) by the clerk as soon as practicable after receiving the last

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manner so as not to deface or destroy the certification thereon. The board of canvassers shall take out the ballot without unfolding it or permitting it to be unfolded or examined. Unless the ballot is cast under s. 6.95, the board of canvassers shall verify that the ballot has been endorsed by the issuing clerk. If the poll list indicates that identification is required and no lebestification is enclosed or the name or address on the document that is provided is not the same as the name and address shown on the poll list, the board of canvassers shall proceed as provided under s. 6.97 (2). The board of canvassers shall mark the poll list number of each elector who casts an absentee ballot on the back of the elector's ballot. The board of canvassers shall then deposit the ballot into the proper ballot box and enter the absent elector's name

or poll list number after his or her name on the poll list.

(b) When the board of canvassers finds that a certification is insufficient, that the applicant is not a qualified elector in the ward or election district, that the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and resealed, that the ballot envelope contains more than one ballot of any one kind, or that the certificate of an elector who received an absentee ballot by facsimile transmission or electronic mail is missing, or if proof is submitted to the board of canvassers that an elector voting an absentee ballot has since died, the board of canvassers shall not count the ballot. Each member of the board of canvassers shall endorse every ballot not counted on the back as "rejected (giving the reason)." The board of canvassers shall reinsert each rejected ballot into the certificate envelope in which it was delivered and enclose the certificate envelopes and ballots, and securely seal the ballots and envelopes in an envelope marked for rejected absentee ballots. The board of canvassers shall endorse the envelope as "rejected ballots," with a statement of the ward or election district and date of the election, and each member of the board of canvassers shall sign the

2005–2006 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INSERT ANAL-AG:

Under current law, the Department of Transportation (DOT) may not issue a driver's license to a person previously licensed in another jurisdiction (another state or territory of the United States) unless the person surrenders to DOT any valid driver's licenses issued to the person by another jurisdiction. Within 30 days after the person becomes licensed in this state, DOT must destroy any surrendered license and report to the jurisdiction issuing any surrendered license that the person is now licensed in this state.

This bill requires that DOT, within 30 days after the person's surrender to DOT of his or her license issued by another jurisdiction, to also provide notice to the elections board of the person's name and address, the name of the jurisdiction issuing any surrendered license, and the date on which any license was surrendered.

INSERT AG:

(Frus 111-7)

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Section 1. 343.11 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

343.11 **(2m)** Within 30 days following surrender of a license under sub. (1), the department shall provide notice to the elections board of the person's name and address, the name of the jurisdiction issuing the surrendered license, and the date on which the license was surrendered.